# Two Rivers Housing Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018

Registered number: 4263691

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### **Company information**

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr Garry King BA (Hons), DIP Business Admin, DIP Housing Admin. FCIH (Chief Executive)

Mr Jonathon Coe DMS FCIH (Corporate Director - Operations)

Mr Barry Thompson CIPFA (Corporate Director - Resources)

### **BOARD MEMBERS**

Mr David Powell CIPFA, BA (Hons), Dip Management (Chair) - Resigned 12-05-18

Mr John Bloxsom MBA, Prince2 FCIH (Chair)

Mr Alan Blundell FMAAT, AAT

Mr Jonathan Richards BA (Hons), CPE

Ms Susan Holmes

Mr Christopher Hillidge BSc, BVetMed, PhD

Mr Neil Sutherland OBE DL, BSc (Eng), MA, CEng, CMgr, FICE, FCMI

Mrs Rita Jones

Mr Tim Jackson FCA BSc - appointed 12-05-18

Miss Yvonne Leishman OBE BA FCIH – appointed 30-11-17

### **SECRETARY**

Mr Garry King BA (Hons), DIP Business Admin, DIP Housing Admin. FCIH (Chief Executive)

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Rivers Meet Cleeve Mill Lane Newent Gloucestershire GL18 1DS

### REGISTERED UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

4263691

### **CHARITY REGISTRATION**

1104723

### AUDITOR

Mazars LLP 45 Church Street Birmingham B3 2RT

### **FUNDERS**

Barclays Bank

### **SOLICITORS**

Anthony Collins Solicitors Wright Hassall Trowers & Hamlins

### Chair's Statement

As Chair of TRH it gives me great pleasure to be reporting on another successful year on a number of fronts.

It is the passion of our staff to deliver a consistently excellent service which epitomises what TRH is all about. The board appreciates the link between highly satisfied staff and highly satisfied customers and we encourage the management team to invest in staff engagement and trust. So it is with a great sense of pride for me that TRH was recently recognised again by the Times 100 survey National Awards as a great place to work being positioned number 11. In order to continue to navigate through the many significant on going challenges facing our sector it is imperative that organisational values and culture are nurtured with care and meaning and the board clearly understands its role in this respect.

The board continues to put customer excellence as a key objective and it is clear that the services to our tenants continue to be responsive and of high quality.

Without question the sector is having to change in order to stay relevant to its customers and for TRH this means making sure that we align our resources to the Boards clearly defined priorities for the future. During 2017 the Board has debated the future direction for TRH and this has resulted in a new Corporate plan for 2018 - 28 setting out a clear set of priorities. An important part of this strategy is to continue to develop properties and an ambitious target of 100 properties per year has been set. Indeed in 2017/18 TRH delivered in excess of 100 new properties clearly demonstrating a strong commitment to this objective.

Underpinning all of this is the need to ensure we continue to deliver Value for Money for our customers. We have a strong focus on VFM and the board is committed to making sure we control our costs at a time when resources in the sector are being reduced. For 2017/18 I am pleased to report that our total housing unit cost per property has further reduced to well below the sector average. Managing costs will continue to be a future challenge to the board and is embedded as part of our budget process.

Finally I would like to thank all my fellow board members and the Executive Team who have all provided much valued leadership and support over the last 12 months and I am confident that TRH can continue to build excellent communities with passion and pride.

John Bloxsom

Chair

### Strategic Report

### Principal activities

Two Rivers Housing (TRH) has principal activities which include the development and management of affordable housing in the Forest of Dean and surrounding areas.

The Association's main streams of business consist of the management of housing for people in need of affordable housing both with and without grant from the HCA.

### **Business and Financial Review**

The Board is pleased to report a Group surplus for the year of £5.3m (2017: £5.0m) and an Association surplus for the year of £5.1m (2017: £5.2m) in what has been another successful year.

We have continued to invest in our existing stock in order to maintain homes above Decent Homes Standard. The cost of investment during the year was £2.1m.

During the year we completed 95 and acquired 21 new homes. This included 12 homes for sale on the open market.

The support services provided to vulnerable tenants continued during the year with really positive results for our customers.

The Group produces a 30 year financial forecast which is reviewed on an annual basis. The following table sets out a five year picture;

### Forecast Financial performance

Statement of comprehensive income	<b>2018.19</b> £m	<b>2019.20</b> £m	2020.21 £m	<b>2021.22</b> £m	<b>2022.23</b> £m
Turnover	26.037	32.603	26.657	23.282	24.037
Operating surplus	7.005	7.711	6.633	5.835	6.112
Transfer to reserves	4.330	3.345	1.663	1.110	1.502
Statement of financial position					
Total assets less current liabilities (Excl bank					
loans)	178.720	179.373	177.062	173.460	164.623
Creditors over one year	132.964	130.273	126.299	121.588	111.249
Reserves	45.092	48.437	50.099	51.209	52.711

### **Strategic Report**

### **Strategic Performance Indicators**

The Association monitors and benchmarks its ongoing performance via the Operations team on a monthly basis and monitors the key performance indicators and reports to the board on a quarterly basis. This enables us to identify areas for improvement and take corrective action where necessary. The following results were achieved in 2017/18;

Indicator	Target	Performance	Top Quartile (Housemark 16/17)
Rent collected	99.95%	100.36%	100.44%
Rent lost	1.00%	0.65%	0.46%
Decent homes standard	100%	100%	100%
Valid gas certificate	100%	100%	100%
Current tenant rent arrears	1.65%	1.25%	1.86%

### **Objectives and Strategy**

Our mission is "creating great homes and supporting communities".

The achievement of this mission statement is underpinned by four strategic priorities each containing agreed projects and objectives.

- Our Tenants and their Homes to achieve customer satisfaction with TRH landlord services (STAR Survey) of 89% March 2019
- Creating a strong organisation to remain an excellent employer as categorised by the Sunday Times Top 100 Companies or other accreditation.
- Income and Growth to achieve a total turnover, for Centigen TRH and Centigen Facilities Management, of greater than £385,300 and a net profit of not less than £38,900.
- Governance and Viability- to achieve an EBITDA MRI operating margin in excess of 30% in 2018/19.

These objectives are delivered through key strategic initiatives and projects monitored by the board as part of its overall Corporate plan.

### Treasury

The purpose of the treasury strategy is to support the delivery of the Group's strategic objectives and financial plan. It is approved annually by the Board and details how we mitigate and manage treasury risks such as liquidity risk, interest rate risk and covenant risk.

The role of Treasury is to ensure that the Group has sufficient liquidity to fund its operations and investments for a minimum of 24 months, mitigating the impact of adverse movements in interest rates and ensuring loan covenants are met at all times. The group is wholly financed by Barclays Bank

At the 31.3.2018, the Group is forecasting a requirement for additional finance in 2022/23 and that the proportion of fixed debt stood at 46% following the draw down of the remaining loan facility at the year end . This is shortly to be

### **Strategic Report**

corrected to through additional fixes bringing the fixed level back up 66% in line with the board strategy. The surplus finds drawn will be used to fund new development in the coming years.

### Risk Management

TRH has a comprehensive system of risk management. During the year, with the support of the External Auditor, the Board appraised its risk appetite position. This resulted in a clear level of risk appetite being assigned to business activities and a set of risk appetite metrics put in place to monitor the position. The highest risks in terms of their impact and probability are discussed by the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis and are reported through to the Board. The report identifies action taken to manage risks as well as new and emerging risks.

The latest assessment of the major risks to the successful achievement of the Associations objectives is set out below;

Strategic Risk	Controls and actions
1. Welfare reform The continued roll out of welfare reform represents a significant threat to future income streams which will be carefully monitored  2. Rent Formula uncertainty The introduction of 4 years of -1% rent reductions from April 2016 has reduced the financial plan capacity. While a degree of certainty has been restored though a four year rent plan, it is not certain	<ul> <li>Welfare reform action plan</li> <li>Extra resources allocated</li> <li>Regular reports to Executive and Board</li> <li>Good relationships with local authority.</li> <li>Revised financial plan to accommodate lower cost base</li> <li>Reserved list of potential future actions</li> <li>Financial plan sensitivity analysis</li> <li>Mitigation plan with assessment of impact.</li> </ul>
what will follow.  3. Health and safety obligations Continuing extended legislative requirements.  4 Loan Covenants	<ul> <li>Comprehensive health and safety management system, which monitors risks and actions to control risks</li> <li>Regular reports to Executive and Board.</li> <li>Regular monitoring and projection of all</li> </ul>
Failure to comply with financial loan covenants, leading to potential withdrawal of loan facility.	<ul> <li>Regular monitoring and projection of all covenants</li> <li>Early warning breach indications "golden rules"</li> <li>Mitigation action plans.</li> </ul>

### Value for Money

Value for Money (VFM) is achieved when limited financial resources are spent and invested in ways that produce the greatest long-term beneficial effects. At TRH we believe the organisation exists to provide 'social value' and we are developing a model to demonstrate the social value benefits of the work that we do.

#### Role of the Board

The board is fully committed to delivering Value for Money (VFM) in support of delivering against the associations objectives. The board appraises VFM throughout the year. The year-end position for 2017/18 was appraised by the Audit Committee on 19 July 2018 and approved by the board at its meeting on August 9<sup>th</sup> 2018. The board is compliant with the Regulators' VFM standard.

The Board is fully committed to the delivery of VFM for our customers, seeking an appropriate balance between cost, performance and customer satisfaction. VFM is a very important component of one of TRH's 4 corporate objectives and indeed cuts across all other objectives.

VFM is used as a business improvement driver within TRH, facilitating the alignment of resources to the Boards strategic priorities. In addition, the Board has approved a number of bespoke metrics which are also linked to our strategic objectives.

### **Strategic Report**

The Regulator of Social Housing (RSH) published a new VFM standard which became operational on 1 April 2018. One of the key requirements is the new standard is that registered providers are expected to report performance against a suite of seven VFM metrics, as defined by the regulator, with the express intention of providing measures with wide applicability which permit comparability across the sector. TRH's performance against the suite of metrics is illustrated in the table below.

Sector wide figures are not currently available for 2017/18 for the suite of metrics defined by the regulator. Therefore, the table below uses 2016/17 Sector Scorecard results in an effort to benchmark against the sector on the basis of the new metrics.

### Value for Money Metrics

	Two Rivers Housing		PlaceShapers Group	Whole Sector
	2016/17	2017/18	2016/17	2016/17
	Actuals	Actuals	Actuals	Actuals
Reinvestment %	7.07%	12.66%	7.11	6.52%
New supply delivered % (Social housing)	1.39%	2.62%	1.44%	1.73%
New supply delivered % (Non - social housing)	0.15%	0.35%	2.80%	3.02%
Gearing %	58%	58%	52%	50%
EBITDA MRI interest cover %	232%	255%	237%	334%
Headline Social Housing cost per unit	£3,205	£3,082	£3,620	£4,180
Operating Margin % - Social housing only	31.72%	28.29%	33.99%	32.95%
Operating Margin % - Overall	31.42%	28.83%	31.23%	29.87%
Return on capital employed (ROCE)	7.68%	7.63%	5.15%	5.20%

### Assessment of 2017/18 performance

A commentary in relation to each of the metrics in turn along with a brief description of the metric is contained below;

### Strategic Report

#### Reinvestment

This indicator looks at the investment in properties (existing stock as well as new supply) as a percentage of the value of total properties held

This figure shows TRH in a good position investing and adding the supply of social housing and as can be seen is ahead of both the PlaceShapers and Sector levels, particularly in 2017/18. It is important to note that the level of spend on maintenance of existing stock required to achieve decent homes standard is approximately 55% of actual level of expenditure.

### New supply delivered

This sets out the number of new social housing and non-social housing units that have been acquired or developed in the year as a proportion of total social housing units and non-social housing units owned at the period end.

New supply has picked up particularly in 2017/18 with the percentage of new social housing being ahead of the sector averages for both PlaceShapers and Global accounts.

### Gearing

Assesses how much of the assets are made up of debt and is an approximate indication of capacity, in that more highly geared associations may have less capacity to develop further.

TRH's gearing ratio is higher than the sector averages for both PlaceShapers and the whole sector and is indicative TRH having geared up to develop more units. It is not uncommon for developing associations to be more highly geared. It is also important to note that TRH has a good level of headroom in relation to our covenants with our funders.

### EBIDA MRI interest cover

This ratio measures the level of surplus created against interest payments.

The performance in this area broadly similar or slightly ahead of the PlaceShapers group but not as strong as the sector average. This ratio also reflects the fact that the full loan facility has now been drawn ahead of requirement as a cost effective solution which will however artificially lower the ratio. A high interest cover ratio is not automatically a good thing as it may indicate that there is further capacity to borrow further to develop, although it does need to be taken into context with the other financial indicators.

### Headline Social housing cost per unit

This is an indication of the total costs of providing social housing (as defined by the Regulator) divided by the total number of units.

TRH's cost per unit compares well with both the PlaceShapers and the Sector, and is good to report that there has been a downward movement in costs in 2017/18.

### **Operating Margin**

The operating margin demonstrates the profitability of the operating assets before exceptional expenses are taken into account, split into operating margin for social housing lettings only and operating margin overall.

### **Strategic Report**

TRH's operating margin is slightly less than the PlaceShapers averages and the Sector averages. However, it is important to remember that it is likely that the sector averages may also have fallen due to continuation of the rent reductions and their inevitable impact.

### Return on capital employed (ROCE)

This ratio measures how well a provider its capital to generate a financial return.

To some extent this ratio is influenced by when the assets of an organisation were acquired in historic cost terms as this can greatly affect the denominator. TRH has achieved good performance in this area and is ahead of the sector averages.

### Performance against TRH specific metrics

The Board has agreed a number of bespoke metrics which are linked to TRH strategic objectives which are designed to ensure that TRH delivers VFM in a local context.

Corporate Objective	Description	Measure of success	Target 2018/19	Actual as at March 2018
Customer satisfaction	Customer satisfaction	STAR survey results	89%	88%
Customer satisfaction	Completing repairs right first time	Customer feedback	88%	86%
Customer satisfaction	Health and safety	Percentage of homes meeting decent homes standard	100%	100%
		Percentage of homes with a valid gas certificate	100%	100%
Creating a strong organisation	By ensuring we have the right people in the right place with the right skills and capacity, we will seek to optimise our people to deliver corporate	To remain an excellent employer as categorised by the Sunday Times Top 100 or other accreditation	To be in the top 25 best companies	11
	objectives for the organisation	Reduce staff turnover	Below 9%	13.74% voluntary 19.08% overall
Income and growth	To generate additional alternative income strands for the association to be invested in the provision of housing.	EBITDA MRI operating margin	30%	27%
Income and growth	We will develop and acquire new homes to increase our stock holding	Number of new homes developed/acquired	70	104
Governance and viability	Board possess the required skills. Undertake a board effectiveness review	Actions completed following governance improvement plan	100%	100%
Governance and Viability		RSH evaluation Golden rules complied with	G1V2	G1V1
			100%	100%

### Strategic Report

Governance and Viability	Percentage of attendance at board meetings	80%	89%
Governance and viability	Current arrears as a percentage of debit	Less than 1.65%	1.25%
Governance and Viability	Income collection as a percentage of debit raised	99.95%	100.36%

The Board agreed to set the above metrics as targets for 2018/19 and will continue to monitor them on a quarterly basis.

In addition to the above targets the board agreed the following Corporate targets for 2018/19;

- To continue with an annual reduction in responsive repairs spend of £100k per annum to continue the journey of bringing the total cost per property in line with the average for the sector as defined by Housemark. So far two years or reductions of £100k per annum have been achieved. It is anticipated a further two to three years of reductions will be required.
- A further review of SAP ratings to be carried out during 201/19 to see what further actions can be carried out to improve the SAP ratings of properties
- A further reduction of management costs of £83k per annum as agreed as part of the 2018/19 budget.
- Individual departments to continue with VFM initiatives to generate further saving

### RSH Governance and Financial Viability Standard

On July 19 2018, the Audit Committee considered a report in relation to a self-assessment of TRH's compliance with the Governance and Viability Standard. The Committee concluded that TRH complied with the standard and reported its findings to the Board on 9 August 2018. The Board then formally confirmed TRH's compliance with Governance and Financial Viability Standard.

### **National Housing Federation Code of Governance**

The Board have adopted the National Housing Federation's "Code of Governance: Promoting Board Excellence for Housing Associations (2015 edition)" and confirm that the Group complies fully with the Code.

### Statement of Compliance

MAN

In preparing this Strategic Report (incorporating Operating and Financial Review) and Board Report, the Board has followed the principles set out in the Housing SORP 2014.

The Strategic Report (incorporating the Operating Financial Review) was approved by the Board on August 9<sup>th</sup> 2018 and signed on its behalf by;

John Bloxsom

Chair

### **Board Report**

The Board is pleased to present its report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

### Principal activities, Business Review and Future Developments

Details of the Association's principal activities, its performance during the year and future development are contained within the Strategic Report, which precedes this report.

### **Board Members**

The following Board Members have served office from 1 April 2017 to the date of this report unless otherwise stated:

Mr David Powell CIPFA, BA (Hons), Dip Management (Chair) - Resigned 12-05-18

Mr John Bloxsom MBA, Prince2 FCIH (Chair)

Mr Alan Blundell FMAAT, AAT

Mr Jonathan Richards BA (Hons), CPE

Ms Susan Holmes

Mr Christopher Hillidge BSc, BVetMed, PhD

Mr Neil Sutherland OBE DL BSc (Eng), MA, CEng, CMgr, FICE, FCMI

Mrs Rita Jones

Mr Tim Jackson FCA BSc – appointed 12-05-18

Miss Yvonne Leishman OBE BA FCIH – appointed 30-11-17

### Joint development forum

The Company and the Forest of Dean District Council have created a Joint Development Forum (as agreed at transfer) whose role is to consult on the use of money recovered from a VAT sharing agreement and it is primarily concerned with applying these resources to the provision of new affordable housing in the area.

### Board members' indemnity

The Board Members have confirmed that the Company does have Members and Officers Insurance in place.

### Financial instruments

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiary undertakings have any abnormal exposure to price, credit, liquidity, and cash flow risks arising from its trading activities. They do not enter into any hedging transactions and no trading in financial instruments is undertaken.

### **Going Concern**

The Association's business activities, its current financial position and future development are set out with the Operating and Financial Review. The Association has adequate resources to finance committed development schemes, along with day to day operations. The Association also has a long term financial plan which shows that it is able to service its debt facility.

On this basis, the Board has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being a period of twelve months after the date on which the report and financial statements are signed. For this reason it continues to adopt a going concern basis for its financial statements.

### **Board Report**

#### Internal controls assurance

The purpose of this statement is to enable the Board in turn to give its assurance on the adequacy of those controls. The Board is required to acknowledge its responsibility for:

- > Internal controls giving reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss;
- > Procedures in respect of risk management;
- Ensuring arrangements for providing effective internal controls are incorporated into normal governance procedures;
- Information on the process adopted for addressing material control aspects of significant problems disclosed in the annual report and accounts; and
- > Confirming that the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of these systems of control.

Two Rivers has policies and procedures in place which cover, and give assurance in respect of all our key activities. These include:

- > Accounting and treasury policies;
- > Financial regulations;
- > Standing orders relating to contracts;
- > Annual budgets;
- > Fraud Policy;
- > 30 year Financial Plan; and
- Risk Map and Plan.

In addition, wherever feasible, segregation and separation of duties has been undertaken to maximise control.

Control is further strengthened by the use of RSM as our internal auditors. The internal auditors prepared a plan which was approved by the Audit Committee and was delivered and monitored by the Committee and Board during the year.

The Group has in place policies in respect of preventing, detecting and investigating fraud and the Board is satisfied that these effectively manage the risk of fraud. There have been no reported cases of fraud during the year and no reported breakdowns of internal control causing significant or material loss to the Group.

The Board has received the Chief Executive's annual report, has conducted its annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and has taken account of any changes needed to maintain the effectiveness of the risk management and control process.

The Board confirms that there is an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the Group. This process has been in place throughout the year under review, up to the date of the annual report, and is regularly reviewed by the Board.

### Statement of the Board Responsibilities

The Board is required by legislation to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of the Association as at the end of the financial year. In preparing these financial statements, suitable accounting policies have been used to the best of the Boards' knowledge and belief, by reference to reasonable judgements and estimates and applied consistently. In doing so, applicable accounting standards have been followed. The Board is also required to indicate where the financial statements are prepared other than on the basis that the association is a going concern.

The Board is responsible for ensuring that arrangements are made for keeping proper books of account with respect to the transactions and assets and liabilities and for maintaining a satisfactory system of control over the books of account and transactions. The Board is also responsible for ensuring that arrangements are made to safeguard the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of internal control, and in addition, established a three year internal audit plan based on risk assessment. The board has established a risk strategy and implemented a comprehensive risk management approach.

### **Board Report**

### Disclosure of information to the Auditor

In the case of each of the persons who are Board members of the Association at the date when this report was approved;

- So far as each Board member is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Association's auditor is not aware.
- Each of the Board members has taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a Board member to make them aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Association's auditor is aware of that information.

The Report of the Board was approved by the Board on August 9th 2018 and signed on its behalf by

John Bloxsom

Chair

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Two Rivers Housing Group

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Two Rivers Housing (the 'parent association') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Group and the parent association's Statements of Comprehensive Income, the Group and the parent association's Statements of Financial Position, the Group Statement of Cash Flows and the Group and the parent association's Statements of Changes in Reserves and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent association's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of the group's and the parent association's surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Board has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent association's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

### Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Two Rivers Housing Group

statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Board Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Board Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent association and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Board Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent association, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent association financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specific by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

### Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Board's responsibilities set out on page 12, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the group or the parent association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Two Rivers Housing Group

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <a href="www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

### Use of the audit report

This report is made solely to the association's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and Chapter 4 of Part 2 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the association and the association's members as a body for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Signed:

Lee Cartwright
(Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Mazars LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
45 Church Street,
Birmingham

27 September 2013

B3 2RT

Date:

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## **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Turnover	3	24,735	21,212
Cost of sales	3	(3,333)	(217)
Operating expenditure	3	(14,837)	(14,414)
Operating surplus	3	6,565	6,581
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4	1,409	958
Other finance income	5	2	8
Interest and financing costs	6	(3,188)	(3,259)
Surplus before tax	7	4,788	4,288
Taxation	10	(5)	-
Surplus for the year		4,783	4,288
Loss in respect of investment properties	14a	(8)	-
Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme	19	561	685
Total comprehensive income for the year		5,336	4,973

## **Association Statement of Comprehensive Income** For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Turnover	3	22,771	20,947
Cost of sales	3	(1,943)	-
Operating expenditure	3	(14,572)	(14,160)
Operating surplus	3	6,256	6,787
Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4	1,409	958
Interest receivable	5	129	8
Interest and financing costs	6	(3,264)	(3,253)
Surplus before tax	7	4,530	4,500
Taxation	10	-	-
Surplus for the year		4,530	4,500
Loss in respect of investment properties	14a	(8)	-
Actuarial gain in respect of pension scheme	19	561	685
Total comprehensive income for the year		5,083	5,185

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

At 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated
Fixed assets Housing properties Other tangible fixed assets Intangible fixed assets Investment properties	11 12 13 14a	133,967 4,313 35 290	126,298 4,160 65
		138,605	130,523
Current assets Inventories Debtors Cash and cash equivalents	15 16	3,324 1,403 35,619	2,377 875 3,046
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	40,346 (5,361)	6,298 (4,594)
Net current assets		34,985	1,704
Total assets less current liabilities		173,590	132,227
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(131,645)	(95,314)
Defined benefit pension liability	19	(359)	(663)
Net assets		41,586	36,250
Capital and reserves Revenue reserve		41,586	36,250
Total reserves		41,586	36,250

The notes on pages 24 to 55 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on August 9th 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr John Bloxsom

Chair

Miss Yvonne Leishman

Member

Mr Garry King

Chief Executive and Secretary

Registered number: 4263691

### **Association Statement of Financial Position**

At 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated
Fixed assets Housing properties Other tangible fixed assets Intangible assets Investment properties	11 12 13 14a	134,118 4,260 29 290	126,434 4,078 56
		138,697	130,568
Current assets Inventories Debtors Cash and cash equivalents	15 16	1,845 5,260 34,336	14 4,163 2,701
		41,441	6,878
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	(6,197)	(4,615)
Net current assets		35,244	2,263
Total assets less current liabilities		173,941	132,831
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	18	(131,645)	(95,314)
Defined benefit pension liability	19	(359)	(663)
Net assets		41,937	36,854
Capital and reserves Revenue reserve		41,937	36,854
Total reserves		41,937	36,854

The notes on pages 24 to 55 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on August 9th 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr John Bloxsom

Chair

Miss Yvonne Leishman

Member

Mr Garry King

Chief Executive and Secretary

Registered number: 4263691

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Reserves**For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Revenue reserve £'000	Total £'000
At 1 April 2016	31,277	31,277
Surplus for the year	4,288	4,288
Actuarial gain in respect of pension schemes	685	685
At 31 March 2017	36,250	36,250
Surplus for the year	4,783	4,783
Loss in respect of investment properties	(8)	(8)
Actuarial gain in respect of pension schemes	561	561
At 31 March 2018	41,586	41,586

### **Association Statement of Changes to Reserves**

For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Revenue reserve £'000	Total £'000
At 1 April 2016	31,669	31,669
Surplus for the year	4,500	4,500
Actuarial gain in respect of pension schemes	685	685
At 31 March 2017	36,854	36,854
Surplus for the year	4,530	4,530
Loss in respect of investment properties	(8)	(8)
Actuarial gain in respect of pension schemes	561	561
At 31 March 2018	41,937	41,937

### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated
Net cash generated from operating activities	21	8,328	7,774
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of investment properties Purchase of intangible assets Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Grants received Interest received		(13,283) (298) (1) 3,095 1,280 2	(8,827) - (4) 2,221 833 8
Net cash flows from investing activities		(9,205)	(5,769)
Cash flows from financing activities Interest paid New loans Net cash flows from financing activities		(3,188) 36,638 33,450	(3,259) 2,593 ————————————————————————————————————
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		32,573	1,339
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	21	3,046	1,707
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	21	35,619	3,046

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and to the preceding year.

### General information and basis of accounting

Two Rivers Housing Group is a company limited by guarantee and a registered provider of social housing in England. The address of its registered office and principal place of business are as disclosed on page 1 of these financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council and comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice for registered social housing providers 2014 (SORP), the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for private registered providers of social housing 2015. Two Rivers Housing Group is a public benefit entity, as defined in FRS 102 and applies the relevant paragraphs prefixed 'PBE' in FRS 102.

#### Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Association and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 31 March each year.

### Property, plant and equipment - housing properties

Housing properties are stated at cost less depreciation less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes the cost of acquiring land and buildings, directly attributable development costs and borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of new housing properties during the development. Capitalisation ceases when substantially all the activities that are necessary to get the asset ready for use are complete.

Depreciation is charged so as to write down the net book value of housing properties to their estimated residual value, on a straight line basis, over their useful economic lives. Freehold land is not depreciated.

### Major components

Major components of housing properties, which have significantly different patterns of consumption of economic benefits, are treated as separate assets and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives at the following annual rates:

Traditional Housing Structure	60 years
Non-traditional Housing Structure	30 years
Roofs	60 years
Doors and windows	20 years
Kitchens	20 years
Bathrooms	20 years
Heating systems	15 years
Electrics	30 years

Properties held on long leases are depreciated over their estimated useful economic lives or the lease duration if shorter.

### **Improvements**

Where there are improvements to housing properties that are expected to provide incremental future benefits, these are capitalised and added to the carrying amount of the property. Any works to housing properties which do not replace a component or result in an incremental future benefit are charged as expenditure in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Leaseholders

Where the rights and obligations for improving a housing property reside with the leaseholder or tenant, any works to improve such properties incurred by the Association is recharged to the leaseholder and recognised in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income along with the corresponding income from the leaseholder or tenant.

#### Non-housing property, plant and equipment

Non-housing property, plant and equipment is stated at historic cost less accumulated depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all non-housing property, plant and equipment, other than investment properties and freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold offices 60 years
Furniture, fixtures & fittings 5 years
Vehicles 5 years
Computer equipment 5 years

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at historic cost or valuation, less accumulated amortisation and any provision for impairment. Amortisation is provided on all Intangible assets at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer software 5 years

### Impairment of social housing properties

Properties held for their social benefit are not held solely for the cash inflows they generate and are held for their service potential.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether an indicator of impairment exists. If such an indicator exists, an impairment assessment is carried out and an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset is made. Where the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its value in use and fair value less costs to sell. Where assets are held for their service potential, value in use is determined by the present value of the asset's remaining service potential plus the net amount expected to be received from its disposal. Depreciated replacement cost is taken as a suitable measurement model

An impairment loss is reversed if the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply and included in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### Social Housing Grant and other Government grants

Where grants are received from government agencies such as Homes England, local authorities, devolved government agencies, health authorities and the European Commission which meet the definition of government grants they are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attached to them will be complied with and that the grant will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and are classified either as a grant relating to revenue or a grant relating to assets. Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the period in which related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate are recognised. Where a grant is receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support with no future related costs, it is recognised as revenue in the period in which it becomes receivable.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Grants received for housing properties are recognised in income over the expected useful life of the housing property structure. Where a grant is received specifically for components of a housing property, the grant is recognised in income over the expected useful life of the component.

Grants received from non-government sources are recognised as revenue using the performance model

### Recycling of grants

Where there is a requirement to either repay or recycle a grant received for an asset that has been disposed of, a provision is included in the Statement of Financial Position to recognise this obligation as a liability. When approval is received from the funding body to use the grant for a specific development, the amount previously recognised as a provision for the recycling of the grant is reclassified as a creditor in the Statement of Financial Position.

For shared ownership staircasing sales, when full staircasing has not taken place, the recycling of the grant may be deferred if the net sales proceeds are insufficient to meet the grant obligation relating to the disposal and is not be recognised as a provision. On subsequent staircasing sales, the requirement to recycle the grant becomes an obligation if sufficient sales proceeds are generated to meet the obligation and a provision is recognised at this point.

On disposal of an asset for which government grant was received, if there is no obligation to repay the grant, any unamortised grant remaining within liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position related to this asset is derecognised as a liability and recognised as revenue in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### Restricted reserves

Where reserves are subject to an external restriction they are separately recognised within reserves as a restricted reserve. Revenue and expenditure is included in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and a transfer is made from the general reserve to the restricted reserve.

#### Leased assets

At inception the Group assesses agreements that transfer the right to use assets. The assessment considers whether the arrangement is, or contains, a lease based on the substance of the arrangement.

### Operating leased assets

Leases that do not transfer all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases.

Payments under operating leases are charged to surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Properties for outright sale

Properties developed for outright sale and land held for sale are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes materials, direct labour and an attributable proportion of overheads based on normal levels of activity.

### Interest payable

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs are calculated using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of a financial instrument and is determined on the basis of the carrying amount of the financial liability at initial recognition. Under the effective interest method, the amortised cost of a financial liability is the present value of future cash payments discounted at the effective interest rate and the interest expense in a period equals the carrying amount of the financial liability at the beginning of a period multiplied by the effective interest rate for the period

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Taxation**

There will be no future liability to Corporation Tax for the Company and Two Rivers Initiatives Limited due to the charitable registration of these Companies.

Two Rivers Developments Limited, Centigen Facilities Management Limited and Centigen TRH Facilities Management Limited are liable to Corporation Tax on their taxable surpluses.

### **Pensions**

### Multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme – Social Housing Pension Scheme

The Group participates in an industry wide multi-employer defined benefit pension scheme where the scheme assets and liabilities cannot be separately identified for each employer. This is accounted for as a defined contribution scheme as there is insufficient information available to account for the scheme as defined benefit. For this multi-employer scheme, there is a contractual agreement between the scheme and the Group that determines how the deficit will be funded and a liability is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and the resulting expense in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the present value of the contributions payable that arise from the agreement to the extent that they relate to the deficit.

### Local Government Pension Scheme

The Group participates in a local government pension scheme which is a multi-employer schemes where it is possible for individual employers as admitted bodies to identify their share of the assets and liabilities of the pension scheme. For this scheme the amounts charged to operating surplus are the costs arising from employee services rendered during the period and the cost of plan introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs. The net interest cost on the net defined benefit liability is charged to revenue and included within finance costs. Remeasurement comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on scheme assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets of the scheme held separately from those of the Group, in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each Statement of Financial Position date.

#### Defined contribution scheme

The Group participates in a defined contribution scheme where the amount charged to surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the contributions payable in the year. Differences between contributions payable in the year and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments in the Statement of Financial Position.

### Turnover

Turnover represents rent and service charges receivable (net of rent and service charge losses from voids) and disposal proceeds of current assets such as properties developed for outright sale or shared ownership first tranche sales at completion together with revenue grants from local authorities and the Homes and Communities Agency and charitable fees and donations. Service charge income is recognised when expenditure is incurred as this is considered to be the point at which the service has been performed and the revenue recognition criteria met.

### Supported housing and other managing agents

Where the Group has ownership of a supported housing or other scheme but also has an agreement with a third party to manage the scheme (including Supporting People funded schemes or services), where there has been a substantial transfer of the risks and benefits attached to the scheme to the third party, any scheme revenue and expenditure is excluded from these financial statements.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

### Shared ownership property sales

Shared ownership properties, including those under construction, are split between non-current assets and current assets. The split is determined by the percentage of the property to be sold under the first tranche disposal which is shown on initial recognition as a current asset, with the remainder classified as a non-current asset within property plant and equipment. Where this would result in a surplus on the disposal of the current asset that would exceed the anticipated overall surplus, the surplus on disposal of the first tranche is limited to the overall surplus by adjusting the costs allocated to current or non-current assets.

Proceeds from first tranche disposals are accounted for as turnover in the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the period in which the disposals occur and the cost of sale is transferred from current assets to operating costs. Proceeds from subsequent tranche sales are treated as disposals of fixed assets.

#### Investments

Investments that are publicly traded or whose fair value can be measured reliably are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in surplus or deficit in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Other investments are measured at amortised cost less impairment.

### Service charge sinking funds and service costs

Unutilised contributions to service charge sinking funds and over-recovery of service costs which are repayable to tenants or leaseholders or are intended to be reflected in reductions to future service charge contributions are recognised as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The amount included in liabilities in respect of service charge sinking funds includes interest credited to the fund. Where there has been an under-recovery of leaseholders' or tenants' variable service charges and recovery of the outstanding balance is virtually certain, the balance is recognised in the Statement of Financial Position as a trade receivable. Debit and credit balances on individual schemes are not aggregated as there is no right of set-off.

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

### Financial assets carried at amortised cost

Financial assets carried at amortised cost comprise rent arrears, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

If there is objective evidence that there is an impairment loss, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced accordingly.

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows expire, or when the financial asset and all substantial risks and reward are transferred.

If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 1. Accounting policies (continued)

These financial liabilities include trade and other payables and interest bearing loans and borrowings.

Non-current debt instruments which meet the necessary conditions in FRS 102, are initially recognised at fair value adjusted for any directly attributable transaction cost and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest-related charges recognised as an expense in finance costs in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

A financial liability is derecognised only when the contractual obligation is extinguished, that is, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 2. Significant management judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

### Significant management judgements

The following are management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements..

Impairment of social housing properties

The Group have to make an assessment as to whether an indicator of impairment exists. In making the judgement, management considered the detailed criteria set out in the SORP.

### **Estimation uncertainty**

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

#### Fair value measurement

Management uses valuation techniques to determine the fair value of assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management base the assumptions on observable data as far as possible but this is not always available. In that case, management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual process that would be achievable in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

#### **Provisions**

Provision is made for dilapidations and redundancy costs. These provisions require management's best estimate of the costs that will be incurred based on legislative and contractual requirements. In addition, the timing of the cash flows and the discount rates used to establish net present value of the obligations require management's judgement.

### Defined benefit pension scheme

The Group has obligations to pay pension benefits to certain employees. The cost of these benefits and the present value of the obligation depend on a number of factors, including; life expectancy, salary increases, asset valuations and the discount rate on corporate bonds. Management estimates these factors in determining the net pension obligation in the balance sheet. The assumptions reflect historical experience and current trends.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 3. Particulars of turnover, cost of sales operating costs and operating surplus – Group

	Turnover £'000	Cost of sales £'000	2018 Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus £'000
Social housing lettings (note 3a)	20,226	-	(14,546)	5,680
Other social housing activities				
1 <sup>st</sup> tranche property sales	1,971	(1,713)	-	258
Other activities	72	-	-	72
Garages	196	-	(26)	170
Activities other than social housing activities	2,239	(1,713)	(26)	500
Market rent	16	-	-	16
Open market sales	2,031	(1,504)	(18)	509
Other	223	(116)	(247)	(140)
	2,270	(1,620)	(265)	385
Total	24,735	(3,333)	(14,837)	6,565
	Turnover £'000	Cost of sales £'000	2017 Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus £'000
Social housing lettings (note 3a)	20,232	-	(13,814)	6,418
Other social housing activities				
I <sup>st</sup> tranche property sales Other activities	432 87	<u>-</u> -	(170) -	262 87
Garages	196	No. of the contract of the con	(176)	20
	715	-	(346)	369
Activities other than social housing activities	265		(471)	(206)
Total	21,212	Aug.	(14,631)	6,581

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 3. Particulars of turnover, cost of sales operating costs and operating surplus – Association

	Turnover £'000	Cost of sales	2018 Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus £'000
Social housing lettings (note 3a)	20,226	-	(14,546)	5,680
Other social housing activities				
1st tranche property sales	1,971	(1,713)	-	258
Other activities	72		-	72
Garages	196		(26)	170
Activities other than social housing activities	2,239	(1,713)	(26)	500
Market rent	16	-	-	16
Open market sales	290	(230)		60
	306	(230)	-	76
Total	22,771	(1,943)	(14,572)	6,256
	Turnover £'000	Cost of sales	2017 Operating costs £'000	Operating surplus £'000
Social housing lettings (note 3a)	20,232	-	(13,814)	6,418
Other social housing activities				
1 <sup>st</sup> tranche property sales Other activities	432 87	-	(170)	262 87
Garages	196		(176)	20
	715	-	(346)	369
Activities other than social housing activities	<u>-</u>		ja	
Total	20,947	_	(14,160)	6,787

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 3a. Particulars of Income and Expenditure from social housing lettings – Group and Association

	General Needs Housing	Supported Housing and housing for older people	2018 Total	2017 Total
Income	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
meome				
Rents receivable	16,292	2,700	18,992	19,058
Service charge income	229	599	828	798
Amortised government grant	367	3	370	339
Other grants	-	36	36	37
Turnover from social housing lettings	16,888	3,338	20,226	20,232
Expenditure				
Service charge costs	113	386	499	496
Management	3,797	716	4,513	4,048
Routine maintenance	1,850	353	2,203	2,284
Planned maintenance	2,294	418	2,712	2,521
Bad debts	52		52	108
Abortive development	73	-	73	223
Depreciation of housing properties	4,222	272	4,494	4,136
Operating costs	12,401	2,145	14,546	13,814
Operating surplus social housing lettings	4,487	1,193	5,680	6,418
Void losses	110	20	130	94

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 4. Surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment

Group and Association	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated
Sale of subsequent tranche shared ownership properties and other properties	3,095	2,221
Cost of sales	(43)	(34)
Disposals at cost	(1,643)	(1,229)
Surplus on disposal	1,409	958

Right to Buy cost sharing agreement costs, with the Forest of Dean Council of £676k, has been restated in 2017 as cost of sales.

### 5. Other finance income

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Bank interest receivable	2	8	2	2
Interest due from group companies			127	6
	2	8	129	8

### 6 Interest and financing costs

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Bank loans and overdrafts Unwinding of discounts on provisions Net interest on defined benefit liability (see	3,577 (141)	3,556 (134)	3,577 (141)	3,550 (134)
note 19)	25	53	25	53
Interest capitalised	3,461 (273)	3,475 (216)	3,461 (197)	3,469 (216)
	3,188	3,259	3,264	3,253

Borrowing costs have been capitalised based on a capitalisation rate of 4.3 per cent (2017: 3.7 per cent) which is the weighted average of rates applicable to the Group's general borrowings outstanding during the year.

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 7. Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation

Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting):

	Group		Group As		Asso	ciation
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£,000		
Depreciation of housing stock	4,494	4,133	4,494	4,133		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	232	212	201	180		
Amortisation of intangible assets	31	82	27	79		
Amortised government grants	(370)	(345)	(370)	(345)		
Surplus on disposal of fixed assets	(1,326)	(958)	(1,326)	(958)		
Auditors remuneration (excluding VAT)	26	26	15	15		
Fees payable to the company's auditors for						
other services						
- Other services	2	2	2	2		
- Tax compliance services	2	1	1	_		
Operating lease rentals	176	88	176	88		
Defined contribution pension cost	379	347	343	343		

### 8. Staff costs

	Group		Association	
	2018	2018 2017 2018	2018 2017	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	4,214	4,128	3,327	3,667
Social security costs	398	399	324	363
Other pension costs	293	306	283	302
	4,905	4,833	3,934	4,332

The full time equivalent number of staff who received emoluments, excluding pension contribution, in excess of £60,000 were shown below:

	2018	2017
	Number	Number
Salary Band (£)		
60,000 - 69,999	<del>-</del>	-
70,000 - 79,999	-	-
80,000 - 89,999	-	1
90,000 – 99,999	1	1
100,000 - 109,999	1	-
120,000 - 129,999	-	1
130,000 – 139,999	1	-

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

## 8. Staff costs (continued)

The average full time equivalent number of employees was:

	Group		Association	
	2018 Number	2017 Number	2018 Number	2017 Number
Average monthly number of employees (including executive directors) expressed as full time equivalents:				
Administration	62	64	56	56
Property management	23	25	14	15
Housing for older people and housing				
management	30	24	30	24
Repairs team	31	30	16	30
Office cleaners	10	6	-	-
	156	149	116	125

The basis of the calculation of the full time equivalents was calculated on 40 hours per week for the Repairs team and 37 hours for all other staff.

Housing increase due to a staff turnover increase

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 9. Directors' remuneration and transactions

#### Key management personnel remuneration

Directors who are executive staff members	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Wages and salaries	335	320
Social security costs	43	40
Other pension costs	52	50
Board members		
Wages and salaries	_	-
Social security costs	-	-
Other pension costs	-	-
	430	410

Directors are defined as the members of the Board, the Chief Executive and any other person who is a member of the Executive Management Team.

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Remuneration of the highest paid director, excluding pension contributions:		
	122	130
Emoluments	133	130

The Chief Executive is an ordinary member of the pension scheme. The pension is a final salary scheme funded by annual contributions by the employer and employee. No enhanced or special terms apply.

#### Non-Executive Board Members

The following non-executive board members received the following remuneration during the financial year (2016/17 £27,420).

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Mr David Powell	4	4
Mr John Bloxsom	4	4
Mrs Gillian Robins	-	2
Mr Alan Blundell	4	4
Mr Patrick Harkness	-	3
Mr Jonathan Richards	3	3
Ms Susan Holmes	3	3
Mr Christopher Hillidge	3	3
Mr Neil Sutherland	3	3
Ms Shelley Renwick	-	1
Mrs Rita Jones	4	_
Mr Tim Jackson	1	-
Miss Yvonne Leishman	1	-

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

## 10. Taxation

Group		Associati	on
2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
16	-	-	-
(11)	<u>-</u>	-	<b>-</b>
5			_
-	-	-	-
5	-	-	-
4,705	4,288	4,489	4,500
894	858	853	900
(11)	_	_	_
(878)	(860) 2	(853)	(900) -
5	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-
	2018 £'000 16 (11) 5 - 5 4,705 894 (11) (878)	£'000 £'000  16	2018 2017 2018 £'000 £'000 £'000 16

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 11. Tangible fixed assets – housing properties

Group	Completed properties £'000	Under construction £'000	Completed Shared ownership £'000	Shared ownership under construction £'000	Total £'000
Cost					
At 1 April 2017	148,447	5,136	3,781	-	157,364
Reclassifications	-	(1,406)	-	1,406	-
Additions	-	8,835	-	6,000	14,835
Components capitalised	2,134	-	-	***	2,134
Disposals	(579)	-	(270)	Ma	(849)
Schemes completed in the					
year	9,821	(9,821)	2,294	(2,294)	-
Transfer to Investment					
properties	(298)	-	-	-	(298)
Transfer to properties held					
for sale	_	-		(3,786)	(3,786)
Tenure changes	(755)		755		_
At 31 March 2018	158,770	2,744	6,560	1,326	169,400
Depreciation		<del> </del>			
At 1 April 2017	30,405	-	661	-	31,066
Charge for the year	4,385	-	109	_	4,494
Eliminated on disposals	(99)	-	(28)	-	(127)
Tenure changes	(82)		82		
At 31 March 2018	34,609	_	824	-	35,433
Net book value					
At 31 March 2018	124,161	2,744	5,736	1,326	133,967
At 31 March 2017	118,042	5,136	3,120	-	126,298

All property is freehold.

Additions in the year include £243k of capitalised interest and £278k of capitalised development overheads.

Freehold land and buildings with a carrying amount of £57m (2017: £53m) have been pledged to secure borrowings of the Association. The Association is not allowed to pledge these assets as security for other borrowings or to sell them to another entity.

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

## 11. Tangible fixed assets – housing properties (continued)

Association	Completed properties £'000	Under construction £'000	Completed Shared ownership £'000	Shared ownership under construction £'000	Total £'000
Cost					
At 1 April 2017	148,447	5,272	3,781	-	157,500
Reclassifications	-	(1,406)	-	1,406	_
Additions	-	8,850	-	6,000	14,850
Components capitalised	2,134	-	_	-	2,134
Disposals	(579)	-	(270)	-	(849)
Schemes completed in the					
year	9,821	(9,821)	2,294	(2,294)	-
Transfer to Investment					
properties	(298)	-	-	-	(298)
Transfer to properties held					
for sale	-	-	_	(3,786)	(3,786)
Tenure changes	(755)		755	_	_
At 31 March 2018	158,770	2,895	6,560	1,326	169,551
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2017	30,405	-	661	-	31,066
Charge for the year	4,385	-	109	-	4,494
Eliminated on disposals	(99)	-	(28)	-	(127)
Tenure changes	(82)		82	<u>-</u>	-
At 31 March 2018	34,609	-	824	_	35,433
Net book value					
At 31 March 2018	124,161	2,895	5,736	1,326	134,118
At 31 March 2017	118,042	5,272	3,120	-	126,434

All property is freehold.

Additions in the year include £197k of capitalised interest and £263k of capitalised development overheads.

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

# 12. Property, plant and equipment - other

Office premises £'000	Vehicles £'000	Computer equipment £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Plant & machinery £'000	Total £'000
4,428	4	629	166	154	5,381
320	-	63	8	7	398
-	(4)	(2)	_	(7)	(13)
4,748	_	690	174	154	5,766
468	1	533	146	73	1,221
130	-	47	26	30	233
-	(1)	_	-	-	(1)
598	-	580	172	103	1,453
			-		
4,150	-	110	2	51	4,313
3,960	3	96	20	81	4,160
	4,428 320 - 4,748 - 468 130 - 598 - 4,150	premises         Yehicles           £'000         £'000           4,428         4           320         -           -         (4)           4,748         -           468         1           130         -           -         (1)           598         -           4,150         -	premises         Vehicles         equipment           £'000         £'000         £'000           4,428         4         629           320         -         63           -         (4)         (2)           4,748         -         690           468         1         533           130         -         47           -         (1)         -           598         -         580           4,150         -         110	Office premises £'000         Vehicles £'000         Computer equipment £'000         and fittings £'000           4,428         4         629         166           320         -         63         8           -         (4)         (2)         -           4,748         -         690         174           468         1         533         146           130         -         47         26           -         (1)         -         -           598         -         580         172           4,150         -         110         2	Office premises £'000         Vehicles £'000         Computer equipment £'000         and fittings machinery £'000         Plant & machinery £'000           4,428         4         629         166         154           320         -         63         8         7           -         (4)         (2)         -         (7)           4,748         -         690         174         154           468         1         533         146         73           130         -         47         26         30           -         (1)         -         -         -           598         -         580         172         103           4,150         -         110         2         51

Association	Office premises £'000	Vehicles £'000	Computer equipment £'000	Fixtures and fittings £'000	Plant & machinery £'000	Total £'000
Cost						
At 1 April 2017	4,428	-	627	158	12	5,225
Additions	320	-	62	8	-	390
Disposals					(7)	(7)
At 31 March 2018	4,748	-	689	166	5	5,608
Depreciation	······································					
At 1 April 2017	468	-	532	142	5	1,147
Charge for the year	120		477	2.4		201
w	130	-	47	24	-	201
Disposals				_		
At 31 March 2018	598	<b>**</b>	579	166	5	1,348
						<del></del>
Net book value						
At 31 March 2018	4,150		110		<del>-</del>	4,260
At 31 March 2017	3,960		95	16	7	4,078
Att 31 Water 2017	3,700					

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

## 13. Intangible fixed assets

G	ro	u	p

Group	Computer software	Total
	£'000	£'000
Cost		
At 1 April 2017	889	889
Additions	1	1
Disposals	(1)	(1)
As at 31 March 2018	<u>889</u>	889
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2017	824	824
Charge for the year	31	31
Eliminated on disposals	(1)	(1)
As at 31 March 2018	854	854
Net book value		
As at 31 March 2018	35	35
As at 31 March 2017	65	65

## Association

Association		
	Computer software	Total
	£'000	£'000
Cost		
At 1 April 2017	874	874
Additions	-	-
Disposals	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
As at 31 March 2018	874	874
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2017	818	818
Charge for the year	27	27
Eliminated on disposals		
As at 31 March 2018	845	845
Net book value		
As at 31 March 2018	<u>————</u>	29
As at 31 March 2017	56	56
	9-1111-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 14. Investments

#### 14a. Investment properties

	Group		Association	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Market rented properties	290	-	290	-

Market rented properties are treated as investment properties. Changes in the value of market rented properties are taken to the statement of comprehensive income. A valuation loss of £8k (2017: £nil) was made in the year.

#### 14b. Principal Group investments

The parent Association and the Group have investments in the following subsidiary undertakings, associates and other investments which principally affected the surpluses or net assets of the Group.

Subsidiary undertaking	Legal form	Principal activity	Holding (%)
Two Rivers Developments	Limited company	Developing properties on behalf of Two Rivers Housing	100
Two Rivers Initiatives	Limited company	A charitable organisation whose primary business is the support and funding of community activities and initiatives within the Forest of Dean	100
Centigen TRH Facilities Management Limited	Limited company	Facilities management and grounds maintenance for Two Rivers Housing	100
Centigen Facilities Management Limited	Limited company	Facilities Management and grounds maintenance for external clients	100

#### 15. Inventories

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Maintenance stock	2	14	2	14
Properties held for sale				
1 <sup>st</sup> tranche sale properties - Completed	632	-	632	_
1 <sup>st</sup> tranche sale properties - Under construction	1,211	-	1,211	-
Open market sale properties - Completed Open market sale properties - Under	360	-		
construction	1,119	2,363	_	-
	3,324	2,377	1,845	14

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 16. Debtors

	Group		Association	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Rent arrears	737	847	737	847
Provision for bad debts	(582)	(570)	(582)	(570)
Trade debtors	37	67	-	-
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	=	-	4,307	3,391
Other debtors	783	195	411	190
Prepayments and accrued income	428	336	387	305
	1,403	875	5,260	4,163

### 17. Creditors – amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Association	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
		Restated		Restated
Bank loans	1,073	_	1,073	-
Bank overdraft	_	1	-	1
Rents received in advance	318	223	318	223
Trade creditors	859	888	808	673
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	-	-	1,122	303
Corporation tax	5	-	-	-
Other taxation and social security	140	100	112	93
Other creditors	1,644	1,220	1,637	1,198
Government grants (see note 18)	370	338	370	338
Accruals and deferred income	898	1,772	703	1,734
Pension deficit funding liability (see note 19)	54	52	54	52
	5,361	4,594	6,197	4,615
		<u> </u>		

### 18. Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated
Other creditors				
Bank loans	112,217	76,652	112,217	76,652
Recycled capital grant fund	225	153	225	153
Government grants	18,958	18,210	18,958	18,210
Pension deficit funding liability	245	299	245	299
	131,645	95,314	131,645	95,314

The loans are secured on freehold housing properties. Interest is payable at rates ranging from 1.46% to 6.18%.

The total accumulated amount of capital grant received or receivable at the Statement of Financial Position date is £20,893k.

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

## 18. Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year (continued)

	Group		Association	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Deferred income - Government grants				
At 1 April 2017	18,548	18,060	18,548	18,060
Grants receivable	1,280	833	1,280	833
Transfer to RCGF	(130)		(130)	-
Amortisation to Statement of Comprehensive				
Income	(370)	(345)	(370)	(345)
At 31 March 2018			-	
	19,328	18,548	19,328	18,548
Due within one year	370	338	370	338
Due after one year	18,958	18,210	18,958	18,210

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Recycled Capital Grant Fund				
At 1 April 2017	153	90	153	90
Inputs to RCGF	72	63	72	63
Recycling of grant	-	-		<del></del>
Interest accrued	~		-	-
At 31 March 2018	parties and a second			
	225	153	225	153

	Grou	ι <b>p</b>	Associa	ition
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 Restated
Bank loans				
Between one and two years	3,622	1,073	3,622	1,073
Between two and five years	23,355	3,622	23,355	3,622
After five years	85,000	71,605	85,000	71,605
	111,977	76,300	111,977	76,300
Effective interest rate adjustment	829	970	829	970
Less: Facility arrangement fee	(589)	(618)	(589)	(618)
	112,217	76,652	112,217	76,652

#### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 19. Retirement benefit schemes

#### **Defined contribution schemes**

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit schemes for qualifying employees. The total expense charged to Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year ended 31 March 2018 was £52,746.

#### Defined benefit schemes

The Group operates defined benefit schemes for qualifying employees. Under the schemes, the employees are entitled to retirement benefits varying between 1% and 2% per cent of final salary on attainment of Normal Pension Age (which varies by scheme but has a minimum age of 65). Both schemes offer some flexibility for earlier or later retirement subject to an actuarial adjustment. No other post-retirement benefits are provided. The schemes are funded schemes.

1) The Gloucestershire County Council Pension Fund which is a defined benefit statutory scheme, administered in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 1997, as amended.

The most recent actuarial valuations of scheme assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out at 31 March 2016 by Douglas Green, Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries, from Hymans Robertson LLP. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, the related current service cost and past service cost was measured using the projected unit credit method.

	Valuation	at
	2018	2017
Key assumptions used:		
Discount rate	2.7%	2.6%
Salary Increase rates	2.7%	2.7%
Future pension increases	2.4%	2.4%

#### Mortality assumptions:

Vita curves with improvements in line with the CMI 2013 model assuming the current rate of improvements has peaked and will converge to a long term rate of 1.25% p.a. Based on these assumptions the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

	Maies	remates
Current Pensioners:	22.4 years	24.6 years
Future Pensioners:	24.0 years	26.4 years

Historic mortality

Life expectancies for the prior period end are based on the fund's Vita Curves. The allowance for future life expectancies is shown below:

Period Ended	Prospective Pensioners	Pensioners
31 March 2016	CMI 2010 model assuming the current rate	CMI 2010 model assuming the current
	of improvements has peaked and will	rate of improvements has peaked and
	converge to a long term rate of 1.25% p.a.	will converge to a long term rate of
	•	1.25% p.a.

#### Commutation

An allowance is included for future retirements to elect to take 35% of the maximum additional tax-free cash up to HMRC limits for pre-April 2008 service and 68% of the maximum tax-free cash for post-April 2008 service.

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 19. Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

Amounts recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of these defined benefit schemes are as follows:

schemes are as follows:		
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Current service cost	426	269
Net interest cost	21	45
Plan introductions, changes, curtailments and settlements	-	_
	447	314
Recognised in other comprehensive income		
Income (OCI)	561	685
Total cost relating to defined benefit scheme	1,008	999
The amount included in the Statement of Financial Position arising from the Gr of its defined benefit retirement benefit schemes is as follows:	oup's obligatior	as in respect
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Present value of defined benefit obligations	(14,835)	(14,546)
Fair value of scheme assets	14,476	13,883
Net liability recognised in the Statement of	***************************************	
Financial Position	(359)	(663)

Movements in the present value of defined benefit obligations were as follows:

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
At 1 April	14,546	13,151
Service cost	426	269
Interest cost	381	462
Actuarial (gains) and losses	(310)	829
Contributions from scheme participants	83	87
Benefits paid	(291)	(252)
At 31 March	14,835	14,546

### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 19. Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

Movements in the fair value of scheme assets were as follows:

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
At 1 April	13,883	11,897
Interest income	360	417
Actuarial gains and (losses)	251	1,514
Contributions from the employer	190	220
Contributions from scheme participants	83	87
Benefits paid	(291)	(252)
At 31 March	14,476	13,883

The analysis of the scheme assets at the Statement of Financial Position date was as follows:

	Fair value of assets		
	2018 %	2017 %	
Equity instruments	67	71	
Debt instruments	23	20	
Property	8	7	
Cash	2	2	

#### Projected Pension Expense for the Year to 31 March 2018

Period Ended 31 March 2018	Assets	ts Obligations Net (liability)/ass		
	£(000)	£(000)	£(000)	% of Pay
Projected Current Service cost	-	(412)	(412)	(39.2)
Total Service Cost	~	(412)	(412)	(39.2)
Interest Income on Plan assets	391	_	391	37.3
Interest Cost in defined Benefit obligation	~	(404)	(404)	(38.5)
Total Net Interest Cost	391	(404)	(13)	(1.2)
Total Included in Statement of comprehensive Income	391	(816)	(425)	(40.4)

The current service cost includes an allowance for administration expenses of 0.5% of payroll. The monetary value is based on a projected payroll of £1,049,000.

The contributions paid by the Employer are set by the Fund Actuary at each triennial valuation (the most recent being as at 31 March 2016), or at any other time as instructed to do so by the Administering Authority. The estimated employer contributions for the period to 31 March 2019 will be approximately £190,000.

#### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 19. Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

#### Sensitivity

The sensitivities regarding the principle assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are set out below:

Change in assumptions at 31 March 2017	Approximate % increase to Employer Liability	Approximate Monetary amount (£000)
0.5% decrease in Real Discount Rate	11%	1,616
0.5% increase in Salary increase rate	2%	284
0.5% increase in the Pension increase rate	9%	1,308

#### 2) The Pensions Trust - Social Housing Pension Scheme

The Group participates in the scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 500 non-associated employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK. It is not possible for the Group to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme. Therefore it accounts for the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out at 30 September 2014. This actuarial valuation was certified on 23 November 2015 and showed assets of £3,123m, liabilities of £4,446m and a deficit of £1,323m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the trustees and the participating employers have agreed that additional contributions will be paid, in combination from all employers, to the scheme as follows:

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 19. Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

#### **Deficit contributions**

#### Tier 1

From 1 April 2016 to 30 September 2020:

£40.6m per annum

Payable monthly and increasing by 4.7% each year on 1st April

#### Tier 2

From 1 April 2016 to 30 September 2023:

£28.6m per annum

Payable monthly and increasing by 4.7% each year on 1st April)

#### Tier 3

From 1 April 2016 to 30 September 2026:

£32.7m per annum

Payable monthly and increasing by 3.0% each year on 1st April)

#### Tier 4

From 1 April 2016 to 30 September 2026:

£31.7m per annum

Payable monthly and increasing by 3.0% each year on 1st April)

Note that the scheme's previous valuation was carried out with an effective date of 30 September 2011; this valuation was certified on 17 December 2012 and showed: assets of £2,062m, liabilities of £3,097 and a deficit of £1,035m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, payments consisted of the Tier 1, 2 and 3 deficit contributions.

Where the scheme is in deficit and where the Group has agreed to a deficit funding arrangement, the Group recognises a liability for this obligation. The amount recognised is the net present value of the deficit reduction contributions payable under the agreement that relates to the deficit. The present value is calculated using the discount rate detailed in these disclosures. The unwinding of the discount rate is recognised as a finance cost.

#### Present values of provision

	31 March 2018	31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	£000's	£'000	£'000
Present value of provision	299	351	384

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 19. Retirement benefit schemes (continued)

### Reconciliation of opening and closing provisions

2	2018 2017	
	£,000	£'000
Provision at start of period	351	384
Unwinding of the discount factor (interest expense)	4	8
Deficit contribution paid	(52)	(50)
Re-measurements - impact of any change in		
assumptions	(4)	9
Re-measurements - amendments to the contribution		
schedule		-
Provision at end of period	299	351

#### Statement of Comprehensive Income (SOCI) impact

	2018	3 2017
	£'000	£'000
Interest expense	4	8
Re-measurements - impact of any change in		
assumptions	(4)	9
Re-measurements - amendments to the contribution		
schedule		-
Costs recognised in the SOCI	46	109

#### Assumptions

	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2018	2017	2016
	% per	% per	% per
	annum	annum	annum
Rate of discount	1.72	1.33	2.06

The discount rates shown above are the equivalent single discount rates which, when used to discount the future recovery plan contributions due, would give the same results as using a full AA corporate bond yield curve to discount the same recovery plan contributions.

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 20. Financial instruments

The carrying values of the Group and Association's financial assets and liabilities are summarised by category below:

Group		Association	
2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
1.5.5	077	155	277
155	211	155	277
-	_	3,987	3,391
37	_	_	-
35,619	3,046	34,336	2,705
34,811	3,323	38,478	6,373
113,292 299	76,652 351	113,292 299	76,652 351
-	1	-	1
			223
•	888	1,342	673
31	-	-	-
_	_	592	303
96	100		93
1,644	1,219	1,638	1,198
116,858	79,434	117,549	79,494
	2018 £'000 155 37 35,619 34,811 113,292 299 318 1,178 31	2018 2017 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	2018 £'000       2017 £'000       2018 £'000         155       277       155         -       -       3,987         37       -       -         35,619       3,046       34,336         34,811       3,323       38,478         113,292 299       76,652 351       113,292 299         -       1       -         318       223 318       318         1,178 31       888 -       1,342 -         31       -       -         -       592 96 1,644       1,219       1,638

The Group's income, expense, gains and losses in respect of financial instruments are summarised below:

	Group and Association	
	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Interest income and expense		
Total interest income for financial assets at undiscounted amount	2	8
Total interest expense for financial liabilities at amortised cost	(3,264)	(3,259)

# Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 21. Statement of Cash Flows

Statement of Cash Flows		
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Cash flow from operating activities		
Surplus for the year	4,788	4,288
Adjustment for non-cash items:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,600	4,225
Amortisation of intangible assets	31	82
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(947)	(2,371)
Decrease/(increase in debtors	(528)	16
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(1,280)	(508)
Carrying amount of property, plant & equipment		
disposals	-	-
Corporation tax	(5)	-
Adjustments relating to pension scheme	257	94
Adjustments for investing or financing		
activities:		
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	(1,409)	(958)
Government grants utilised in the year	(370)	(345)
Interest payable	3,188	3,259
Interest received	(2)	(8)
Taxation	5	-
Cash generated by operations	8,328	7,774
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash at bank and in hand	35,619	3,047
Bank overdrafts (see note 17)	55,017	(1)
Daile Overdeado (soo note 17)		
Cash and cash equivalents	35,619	3,046
<del>-</del>		

### 22. Financial commitments

Capital commitments are as follows:

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Contracted for but not provided for Approved by the directors but not contracted for	14,676 20,308	21,425	14,659 17,287	21,425
	34,984	21,425	31,946	21,425

#### Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 22. Financial commitments (continued)

Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Group		Association	
	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Payments due:-	2 000	<b>2</b> 000	<b>2</b> 000	<b>3</b>
- within one year	150	155	121	94
- between one and five years	110	201	79	155
- after five years	-	-		
	260	356	200	249

Future financial commitments will be met from operating surpluses and from the outstanding capacity that exists within our funding agreement with Barclays Plc.

#### 23. Housing stock

	Group		Association	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Units	Units	Units	Units
Social housing accomodation				
General needs housing accommodation	2,883	2,913	2,883	2,913
Housing accommodation at affordable rent	362	289	362	289
Housing accommodation at intermediate rent	13	15	13	15
Housing for older people accommodation	594	594	594	594
Shared ownership accommodation	111	83	111	83
Total	3,963	3,894	3,963	3,894
Non-social housing accommodation				
Leaseholders	44	44	44	44
Market rent	2	-	2	-
	46	44	46	44
Total	4,009	3,938	4,009	3,938

#### 24. Related party transactions

Tenant representative board members who have served during the year rent properties from the Company under the same terms and conditions as all tenants in similar properties. They are Mrs Rita Jones and Mr Christopher Hillidge.

The aggregate amount of rent and service charges received from tenant board members in the year was £9,225 (2017: £9,415). The value of rent arrears at year-end from tenant board members was £160 (2017: £nil).

Two Rivers Housing which is registered in England and Wales is the ultimate parent undertaking of:

• Two Rivers Initiatives Limited – a registered charity in England and Wales

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 March 2018

### 24. Related party transactions (continued)

- Two Rivers Developments Limited a company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales
- Centigen Facilities Management Limited a company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales
- Centigen TRH Facilities Management Limited a company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales

Non-regulated subsidiary	Transfers	Cost in	Income	Balance at
		year	in year	year end
		£'000	£'000	£'000
Two Rivers Developments	Recharge of	2,961	3,067	-
Limited	development staff and			
	admin costs from Two			
	Rivers Housing.			
	Provision of design			
	and build Services			
	from Two			
	Developments to Two			
	Rivers Housing in			
	accordance with			
	contract fees.			
	Intercompany loan			
	interest payable to			
	Two Rivers Housing.			
	Intercompany debtor	, jul		2,403
Centigen TRH Facilities	Recharge of admin and	1,706	1,719	-
Management Limited	set up costs to			
	Centigen.			
	Provision of facilities			
	management and		•	
	cleaning to Two Rivers			
1	Housing.			
	Intercompany loan			
	interest payable to			
	Two Rivers Housing.			
	Intercompany debtor	-	-	79
Centigen Facilities	Recharge of minor set	-	23	
Management Limited	up costs for Centigen			
	Facilities Management			
	Ltd. Intercompany			
	loan interest payable to			
	Two Rivers Housing.			
	Intercompany debtor		-	778

Two Rivers Housing has taken the exemption in section 33.1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 not to disclose any further transactions with other Group members aside from those disclosed above in accordance with the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2015.